



Nuclear Science

Merit Badge Workbook

This workbook can help you but you still need to read the merit badge pamphlet (book). No one can add or subtract from the Boy Scout Requirements #33216. Merit Badge Workbooks and much more are below: [Online Resources](#).

Send comments to the workbook developer: craig@craiglincoln.com. Requirements revised: 2005, Workbook updated: May 2009.

Scout's Name: _____ Unit: _____

Counselor's Name: _____ Counselor's Ph #: _____

1. Do the following:

a. Describe the biological effects and hazards of radiation to humankind, the environment, and wildlife. _____

Explain the difference between deterministic _____

and stochastic effects. _____

In your explanation, discuss the nature and magnitude of radiation risks to humans from nuclear power, _____

medical radiation, _____

and background radiation. _____

Explain the measures required by law to minimize these risks. _____

b. Describe the radiation hazard symbol _____

and explain where it should be used. _____

Tell why and how people must use radiation or radioactive materials carefully. _____

2. Tell the meaning of the following:

ALARA, _____

alpha particle, _____

atom, _____

background radiation, _____

beta particle, _____

contamination, _____

curie and becquerel, _____

gamma ray, _____

half-life, _____

ionization, _____

quark, _____

isotope, _____

neutron, _____

nuclear energy, _____

nuclear reactor, _____

particle accelerator, _____

rad and gray, _____

radiation, _____

radioactivity, _____

radon, _____

rem and sievert, _____

and X-ray. _____

3. Choose five individuals important to the field of atomic energy and nuclear science and explain each person's contribution.

_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

4. Choose an element from the periodic table. _____

Construct 3-D models for the atoms of three isotopes of this element, showing neutrons, protons, and electrons. Use the three models to explain the difference between atomic number _____

and mass number. _____

Then do the following:

- a. Make a drawing showing how nuclear fission happens, labeling all details.

Draw another picture showing how a chain reaction could be started and how it could be stopped.

b. Explain what is meant by a "critical mass." _____

5. Do any THREE of the following:

a. Build an electroscope. Show how it works. Place a radiation source inside and explain any difference seen. _____

b. Build a model of a reactor. Show the fuel, control rods, shielding, moderator, and any cooling material. Explain how a reactor could be used to change nuclear energy into electrical energy or make things radioactive. _____

c. Using a radiation survey meter and a radioactive source, show how the measurements per minute change as the source gets closer to or farther from the radiation detector. Place three different kinds of materials between the source and the detector, then explain any differences in the measurements per minute. Explain how time, distance, and shielding can reduce the radiation dose. _____

d. Obtain a sample of irradiated and non-irradiated foods. Prepare the two foods and compare their taste and texture. Store the leftovers in separate containers and under the same conditions. For a period of 14 days, observe their rate of decomposition or spoilage, and describe the differences you see on days 5, 10, and 14. _____

e. Describe how radon is detected in homes. _____

Discuss the steps taken for the long-term _____

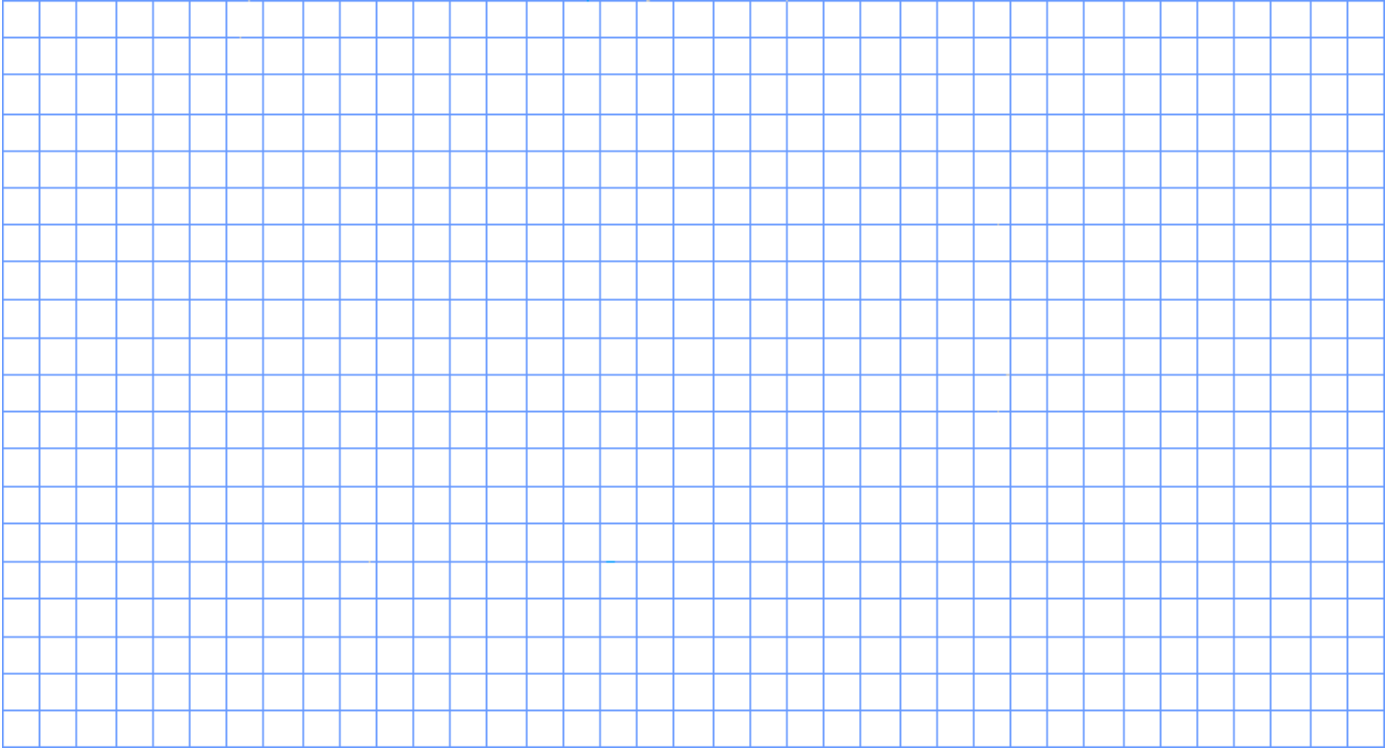
and short-term test methods, _____

how to interpret the results, _____

and explain when each type of test should be used. _____

Explain the health concern related to radon gas _____
and tell what steps can be taken to reduce radon in buildings. _____

f. Visit a place where X-ray is used. Draw a floor plan of the room in which it is used. Show where the unit, the unit operator, and the patient would be when X-ray is used.



Explain the precautions taken when X-ray is used and the importance of those precautions. _____

g. Make a cloud chamber. Show how it can be used to see the tracks caused by radiation. Explain what is happening.

h. Visit a place where radioisotopes are being used. Using a drawing, explain how and why they are used.

i. Obtain samples of irradiated seeds. Plant them. Plant a group of non-irradiated seeds of the same kind. Grow both groups. List any differences you observe during a 30-day period. _____

Discuss with your counselor what irradiation does to seeds. _____

j. Visit an accelerator (research lab) or university where people study the properties of the nucleus. After your visit, discuss what you have learned with your counselor. _____

6. Do ONE of the following:

- a. Give an example of each of the following in relation to how energy from an atom can be used: nuclear medicine, environmental applications, industrial applications, space exploration, and radiation therapy. For each example, explain the application and its significance to nuclear science.
- b. Find out how many nuclear power plants exist in the United States. Locate the one nearest your home. Find out what percentage of electricity in the United States is generated by nuclear power plants, by coal, and by gas. -
- c. Name three particle accelerators in the United States and describe the type of experiments each accelerator is designed to perform.

7. Find out about three career opportunities in nuclear science that interest you. Pick one _____ and find out the education, training, and experience required for this profession and discuss this with your, counselor.

Tell why this profession interests you. _____

Online Resources: *(Use any Internet resource with caution and only with your parent's or guardian's permission.)*

Boy Scouts of America: ► scouting.org ► [Guide to Safe Scouting](#) ► [Age-Appropriate Guidelines](#) ► [Safe Swim Defense](#)
 ► [Scout](#) ► [Tenderfoot](#) ► [Second Class](#) ► [First Class](#) ► [Rank Videos](#) ► [Safety Afloat](#)

Boy Scout Merit Badge Workbooks: usscouts.org -or- meritbadge.org **Merit Badge Books:** www.scoutstuff.org

Requirement Resources

These resources and much more are at: http://meritbadge.org/wiki/index.php/Nuclear_Science

- 1a. [Radiation Hazards](#) - [Radiation Hazards of X-rays](#) - [Radiation Hazards in the U.S.](#) - [Radiation Information](#) - [Radiation made Easy](#)
[Deterministic and Stochastic Models](#) - [Estimate your Annual Dose of Radiation](#) - [EPA Radiation Laws](#)
- 1b. [Radiation Symbol](#) - [Radiation Hazard Symbol](#) - [Radiation and Risk](#)
2. [Dictionary of Radiological Terms](#) - [US NRC Glossary of Nuclear Terms](#) - [Nuclear Science Terms](#) - [Term Glossary](#) - [First Course in Nuclear Science](#) - [Glossary of Terms](#)
3. [The Atomic Heritage Foundation](#) - [Biographies of the Nuclear Age](#) - [Famous Figures in Nuclear Science](#)
[Henri Becquerel](#) - [Niels Bohr](#) - [Marie Curie](#) - [Albert Einstein](#) - [Enrico Fermi](#) - [Otto Hahn](#) - [Ernest Lawrence](#) - [Lise Meitner](#) -
[Wilhelm Roentgen](#) - [Sir Ernest Rutherford](#)
4. [Periodic Table](#) - [Interactive Periodic Table](#) - [Periodic Table of the Elements](#)
[Atoms in the Everyday Worlds](#) - [Atomic Model Suggestions](#)
- 4a. [Nuclear Fission](#) - [Nuclear Fission](#) - [Chain Reaction](#)
- 4b. [Critical Mass](#)
- 5a. [How to build an electroscope](#) - [Build an Electroscope](#)
- 5b. [Description of how a Nuclear Reactor works](#) - [Inside a Nuclear Reactor](#)
- 5c. [How time, distance and shielding reduce radiation dose](#)
- 5d. [Food Irradiation](#) - [Food Irradiation from A to Z](#) - [Irradiation information and how to recognize irradiated foods](#)
- 5e. [Natural Radioactivity](#) - [Citizen's Guide to Radon](#) - [How radon tests work](#) - [Radon Outreach Program](#)
- 5f. The graph paper you need is in the [Nuclear Science Worksheet](#).
[X-ray info and safety precautions](#) - [X-ray safety](#)
- 5g. [How to build a cloud chamber](#) - [How a cloud chamber works](#) - [How to Build a Cloud Chamber](#)
- 5h. [Radioisotopes in medicine](#)
- 5i. [Seed Irradiation](#)
- 5j. See 6c below.
- 6a. [Nuclear Medicine](#) - [Environmental](#) - [Nuclear Propulsion](#) - [Radiation Therapy](#)
- 6b. [US Nuclear power](#) - [Locate Nuclear Power Plants in the US](#) - [Energy in the United States](#) -
[Nuclear Power Plants and Utilities](#) - [Nuclear Power in the World](#)
- 6c. [Brookhaven](#) - [Fermi Lab](#) - [Stanford Linear Accelerator](#) - [Jefferson Accelerator](#) - [Argonne](#) - [Advanced Light Source at Berkeley](#)
7. [Nuclear Education and Research](#) - [Careers in Radiology](#) - [Radiation Therapy Careers](#)